

United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/749,104	12/29/2003	Yuquan Wei	YX-2003-01US	3164	
75	90 01/30/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
Ben Wang 706 Colorado Ave			WHITEMAN	I, BRIAN A	
Palo Alto, CA	···		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
, ,			1635		
			DATE MAILED: 01/30/2006	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/749,10	14	WEI ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	
		Brian Whit		1635	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic or Reply	ation appears on the	cover sheet with the o	orrespondence add	dress
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAN SION OF THE MAN SI	AILING DATE OF TH of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no eve unication. utory period will apply and wi vill, by statute, cause the appl	IIS COMMUNICATION ont, however, may a reply be tin II expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed h the mailing date of this co ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status					
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on .			
,	,	b) This action is n	on-final.		
3)	Since this application is in condition f	or allowance except	for formal matters, pro	osecution as to the	merits is
	closed in accordance with the practic	e under <i>Ex parte Qu</i>	ayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposit	on of Claims				
4) 🖾	Claim(s) 1-98 is/are pending in the ap	oplication.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/ar	e withdrawn from co	nsideration.		
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
	Claim(s) is/are rejected.				
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-98</u> are subject to restriction	n and/or election rec	luirement.		
Applicat	ion Papers				
	The specification is objected to by the				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:				
	Applicant may not request that any object				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	· ·	•	-	
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. No	ote the attached Office	Action or form PI	O-152.
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119				
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim f ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	or foreign priority un	der 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	ı)-(d) or (f).	
	 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of	•		ed in this National	Stage
	application from the Internation	•			
* (See the attached detailed Office action	i for a list of the certi	tied copies not receiv	ea.	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)					
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P	TO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	Date	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date			5) Notice of Informal 6) Other: Notice to Co) -152)

Application/Control Number: 10/749,104 Page 2

Art Unit: 1635

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-98 are pending.

This application contains sequence disclosures that are encompassed by the definition for

nucleotide sequences set forth in 37 CFR 1.821(a)(1) and (a)(2). However, this application fails

to comply with requirements of 37 CFR 1.821 through 1.825 for the reason(s) set forth on the

attached Notice To Comply With Requirements for Patent Applications Containing Nucleotide

Sequence Disclosures.

Several pages (including pages 60, 61, 63, 66, 71, and 72) in the instant specification

contain sequences that appear not to be listed in the CRF because they are missing a SEQ ID

NO.

A complete response to the instant office action must include a response to the sequence

compliance notification.

Claims 87-98 are withdrawn from the election/restriction because the claims lack proper

antecedent basis and the examiner cannot determine which claim the claims depend from

because the claims recite "the vaccine of claim 77", however, claim 77 is directed to a method.

If the claims are amended with proper antecedent basis with the response to the

election/restriction, than at that time the examiner will determine if another election/restriction is

required or if the claims are embraced by a non-elected/elected invention.

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 2-4, 6-16, 19-27, 32, 34-43, drawn to a vaccine comprising a DNA molecule having sufficient structural similarity to a tumor specific protein endogenously expressed in a tumor, classifiable in class 514, subclass 44.
- II. Claims 2, 3, 5-16, 19-25, 33-43, drawn to a vaccine comprising a protein molecule having sufficient structural similarity to a tumor specific protein endogenously expressed in a tumor, classifiable in class 530, subclass 350.
- III. Claim 44, drawn to a method of inhibiting in vitro growth of tumor cells expressing a tumor specific protein endogenously, classifiable in class 435, subclass 455.
- IV. Claims 46-48, 50-61, 63-65, 67-76, drawn to a method of inhibiting growth of a tumor in a subject, the tumor expressing a tumor specific protein endogenously using a DNA molecule, classifiable in class 424, subclass 93.2.
- V. Claims 46, 47, 49-61, 63, 64, 66-76, drawn to a method of inhibiting growth of a tumor in a subject expressing a tumor specific protein endogenously using a protein molecule, classifiable in class 514, subclass 2.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). The instant specification does not disclose that the products would be used together. The DNA molecule (group I) and the protein (group IV) are unrelated as they utilize different products, which demonstrates that each product has a different mode of operation. Each invention performs this function using a

structurally and divergent material. Therefore, each product is divergent in material. For these reasons the Inventions of I and II are patentably distinct.

Inventions I and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the DNA molecule of group I can be used to inhibit growth of a tumor cell in vivo as opposed to its use in inhibiting growth of a tumor cell in vitro. Searching the inventions of groups I and III together would impose a serious search burden. The invention of Groups I and III have a separate search status in the art as shown by their different classifications. Moreover, in the instant case, the search for the DNA molecule and the method of inhibiting growth of a tumor cell in vitro are not coextensive. Moreover, even if the DNA product were known, the method of using the product may be novel and unobvious in view of the preamble or active steps.

Invention II and III are unrelated because the product of group II is not used or otherwise involved in the process of group III.

Inventions I and IV are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the DNA molecule of group I can be used to inhibit growth of a tumor cell in vitro as opposed to its use in inhibiting growth of a tumor cell in vivo. Searching

the inventions of groups I and IV together would impose a serious search burden. The invention

of Groups I and IV have a separate search status in the art as shown by their different

classifications. Moreover, in the instant case, the search for the DNA molecule and the method

of inhibiting growth of a tumor cell in vivo are not coextensive. Moreover, even if the DNA

product were known, the method of using the product may be novel and unobvious in view of the

preamble or active steps.

Invention II and IV are unrelated because the product of group II is not used or otherwise

involved in the process of group IV.

Invention I and V are unrelated because the product of group I is not used or otherwise

involved in the process of group V.

Inventions II and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be

shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the

product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product

as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP

§ 806.05(h)). In the instant case the protein molecule of group II can be used to inhibit growth of

a tumor cell in vivo as opposed to its use in inhibiting growth of a tumor cell in vitro. Searching

the inventions of groups II and III together would impose a serious search burden. The invention

of Groups II and III have a separate search status in the art as shown by their different

classifications. Moreover, in the instant case, the search for the protein molecule and the method

of inhibiting growth of a tumor cell in vitro are not coextensive. Moreover, even if the protein

product were known, the method of using the product may be novel and unobvious in view of the

preamble or active steps.

Application/Control Number: 10/749,104

Art Unit: 1635

Inventions II and V are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the protein molecule of group II can be used to inhibit growth of a tumor cell in vitro as opposed to its use in inhibiting growth of a tumor cell in vivo. Searching the inventions of groups II and V together would impose a serious search burden. The invention of Groups II and V have a separate search status in the art as shown by their different classifications. Moreover, in the instant case, the search for the protein molecule and the method of inhibiting growth of a tumor cell in vivo are not coextensive. Moreover, even if the protein product were known, the method of using the product may be novel and unobvious in view of the preamble or active steps.

Page 6

Claims 1, 17, 18, 25, 27, 28-31 link(s) inventions I and II. The restriction requirement between the linked inventions is subject to the nonallowance of the linking claim(s), claims 1, 17, 18, 25, 27, 28-31.

Claims 45, 62, and 77-86, link(s) inventions IV and V. The restriction requirement between the linked inventions is subject to the nonallowance of the linking claim(s), claims 45, 62, and 77-86.

Upon the allowance of the linking claim(s), the restriction requirement as to the linked inventions shall be withdrawn and any claim(s) depending from or otherwise including all the limitations of the allowable linking claim(s) will be entitled to examination in the instant

application. Applicant(s) are advised that if any such claim(s) depending from or including all the limitations of the allowable linking claim(s) is/are presented in a continuation or divisional application, the claims of the continuation or divisional application may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting rejections over the claims of the instant application. Where a restriction requirement is withdrawn, the provisions of 35 U.S.C. 121 are no longer applicable. *In re Ziegler*, 44 F.2d 1211, 1215, 170 USPQ 129, 131-32 (CCPA 1971). See also MPEP § 804.01.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process

claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for each Group listed above is not required for any other Group listed above and the search for each group is not co-extensive, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

It would be unduly burdensome for the examiner to search and consider patentability of all of the presently pending claims, a restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the

Application/Control Number: 10/749,104 Page 9

Art Unit: 1635

application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a diligently filed petition under 37 C.F.R. § 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 § 1.17(h).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian Whiteman whose telephone number is (571) 272-0764. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 7:00 to 4:00 (Eastern Standard Time), with alternating Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew Wang, acting SPE - Art Unit 1635, can be reached at (571) 272-0811.

Papers related to this application may be submitted to Group 1600 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Group 1600 via the PTO Fax Center located in Crystal Mall 1. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). The CM1 Fax Center number is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to (571) 272-0547.

Patent applicants with problems or questions regarding electronic images that can be viewed in the Patent Application Information Retrieval system (PAIR) can now contact the USPTO's Patent Electronic Business Center (Patent EBC) for assistance. Representatives are available to answer your questions daily from 6 am to midnight (EST). The toll free number is (866) 217-9197. When calling please have your application serial or patent number, the type of document you are having an image problem with, the number of pages and the specific nature of the problem. The Patent Electronic Business Center will notify applicants of the resolution of the problem within 5-7 business days. Applicants can also check PAIR to confirm that the problem has been corrected. The USPTO's Patent Electronic Business Center is a complete service center supporting all patent business on the Internet. The USPTO's PAIR system provides Internet-based access to patent application status and history information. It also enables applicants to view the scanned images of their own application file folder(s) as well as general patent information available to the public.

For all other customer support, please call the USPTO Call Center (UCC) at 800-786-9199.

Brian Whiteman

1635

Dra 1 Wing

Notice to Comply

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/749,104	WEI et al.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
B. Whiteman	1635		

NOTICE TO COMPLY WITH REQUIREMENTS FOR PATENT APPLICATIONS CONTAINING NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE AND/OR AMINO ACID SEQUENCE DISCLOSURES

Applicant must file the items indicated below within the time period set in the Office action to which the Notice is attached to avoid abandonment under 35 U.S.C. § 133 (extensions of time may be obtained under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a)).

The nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosure contained in this application does not comply with the requirements for such a disclosure as set forth in 37 C.F.R. 1.821 - 1.825 for the following reason(s):

tne	requirements for such a disclosure as set forth in 37 C.F.R. 1.821 - 1.825 for the following reason(s):
\boxtimes	1. This application clearly fails to comply with the requirements of 37 C.F.R. 1.821-1.825. Applicant's attention is directed to the final rulemaking notice published at 55 FR 18230 (May 1, 1990), and 1114 OG 29 (May 15, 1990). If the effective filing date is on or after July 1, 1998, see the final rulemaking notice published at 63 FR 29620 (June 1, 1998) and 1211 OG 82 (June 23, 1998).
\boxtimes	2. This application does not contain, as a separate part of the disclosure on paper copy, a "Sequence Listing" as required by 37 C.F.R. 1.821(c).
\boxtimes	3. A copy of the "Sequence Listing" in computer readable form has not been submitted as required by 37 C.F.R. 1.821(e).
	4. A copy of the "Sequence Listing" in computer readable form has been submitted. However, the content of the computer readable form does not comply with the requirements of 37 C.F.R. 1.822 and/or 1.823, as indicated on the attached copy of the marked -up "Raw Sequence Listing."
	5. The computer readable form that has been filed with this application has been found to be damaged and/or unreadable as indicated on the attached CRF Diskette Problem Report. A Substitute computer readable form must be submitted as required by 37 C.F.R. 1.825(d).
	6. The paper copy of the "Sequence Listing" is not the same as the computer readable from of the "Sequence Listing" as required by 37 C.F.R. 1.821(e).
\boxtimes	7. Other: Several pages (including pages 60, 61, 63, 66, 71, 72) in the instant specification contain sequence that is not listed in the CRF.
•	oplicant Must Provide: An initial or <u>substitute</u> computer readable form (CRF) copy of the "Sequence Listing".

- An initial or <u>substitute</u> paper copy of the "Sequence Listing", as well as an amendment specifically directing its entry into the specification.
- A statement that the content of the paper and computer readable copies are the same and, where applicable, include no new matter, as required by 37 C.F.R. 1.821(e) or 1.821(f) or 1.821(g) or 1.825(b) or 1.825(d).

For questions regarding compliance to these requirements, please contact:

For Rules Interpretation, call (571) 272-2510

For CRF Submission Help, call (571) 272-2501/2583.

PatentIn Software Program Support

Technical Assistance.....703-287-0200

To Purchase Patentin Software......703-306-2600

PLEASE RETURN A COPY OF THIS NOTICE WITH YOUR REPLY